

Banking Awareness Quiz – Based on Types of Accounts

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Banking Awareness Quiz – Based on Types of Accounts

- 1. Nomination facilities were extended to banks on the recommendations of
- (a) Talwar committee
- (b) Pillai Committee
- (c) Tandon Committee
- (d) Ghosh Committee
- (e)None of these
- 2. Nomination facilities are available,
- (a)In deposit accounts
- (b)On safe deposit lockers
- (c)On articles deposited for safe custody
- (d) All the above
- (e)None of these
- 3. Which among the following is the account that can be opened by Individuals in bank
- a) Current Account
- b) Savings Account
- c) Recurring Deposit
- d) Fixed Deposit
- e) Both a and b
- 4. What are all the conditions of savings account
- a) Restriction in number of deposits
- b) Restriction in withdrawal of money within a month
- c) Minimum Deposit has to maintained
- d) both a and b
- e) All a, b and c
- 5. Which account are opened for the business transactions on the name of firm or company?

- a) Current Account
- b) Savings Account
- c) Recurring Deposit
- d) Fixed Deposit
- e) Both a and b
- 6. What are all the conditions of current account?
 - a) No rate of interest
 - b) No limit on deposit or withdrawal in current accounts
 - c) No passbook is issued for the current account holder
 - d) Minimum deposit needed to open current account
 - e) All the above
- 7. What is the term period of Recurring Deposit?
 - a) 3 months to 1 year
 - b) 8 months to 15 years
 - c) 6 months to 10 years
 - d) 3 months to 10 years
 - e) 9 months to 15 years
- 8. A person deposits a fixed sum of money only one time for the fixed period is called
 - a) Current Account
 - b) Savings Account
 - c) Recurring Deposit
 - d) Fixed Deposit
 - e) Both c and d
- 9. What is the Tenure of FD?
 - a) 15 days to 10 years

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- b) 10 days to 15 years
- c) 7 days to 15 years
- d) 14 days to 10 years
- e) 7 days to 10 years

10. The Net Demand and Time Liabilities (NDTL) is the

- a) Difference between the sum of demand and time liabilities and deposits with other bank
- b) Sum of the difference of demand and time liabilities and deposits with other bank
- c) Difference between the sum of demand and deposits of a bank and deposits with other bank
- d) Both a and c
- e) Both b and c

11. Who fix the Interest rate of saving account deposit?

- a) RBI
- b) Finance Ministry
- c) IBA
- d) Individual Banks
- e) Government of India

12. Which of the following account can be opened in foreign currency?

- a) NRE Account
- b) FCNR Account
- c) NRI Account
- d) NRO Account
- e) SNRR Account

13. In which of the following account, loans cannot be given outside India?

- a) NRI Account
- b) NRO Account
- c) NRE Account
- d) FCNR Account
- e) Cannot be opened in any

14. Which of the following account is exempted from tax on Interest Earned?

- a) NRE
- b) FCNR
- c) NRI
- d) Both a and b
- e) Both b and c

15. Which of the following account in which balances held in the account are freely repatriable?

- a) NRO Account
- b) NRE Account
- c) FCNR Account
- d) NRI Account
- e) Retail Account

16. Which among the following offers higher interest rate?

- a) Savings Account
- b) Current Account
- c) Fixed Deposit
- d) Recurring Deposit
- e) Both a and d

Digital Payments

- 17. Which is the umbrella organization for all retail payment systems in India?
- a) RBI
- b) NPCI
- c) UPI
- d) BHIM
- e) BBPS
- 18. Under whose recommendation digital payments came into existence?
- a) NandanNilekani
- b) NachiketMor
- c) Narasimhan
- d) RatanWatal
- e) Sivaraman

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| 19. Wh | at is the | single n | nobile app | olication | for access | ing |
|---------------|-----------|----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----|
| bank a | ccounts? | • | | | | |

- a) UPI
- b) NPCI
- c) BHIM
- d)NFS
- e) BBPS
- 20. What is the name of mobile app developed by NPCI based on UPI?
- a) BBPS
- b) IMPS
- c) NFS
- d) BHIM
- e) All the above
- 21. Which among the following is offering interoperable and accessible bill payment service to customers?
- a) BBPS
- b) NPCI
- c) NFS
- d) BHIM
- e) IMPS
- 22. Which is the network of shared automated teller machines (ATM) in India?
- a) BBPS
- b) NPCI
- c) NFS
- d) BHIM
- e) IMPS
- 23. Which is the integrated payment system facilitates users to transfer their money from one source to another?
- a) BHIM
- b) Bharat QR Code
- c) NPCI
- d) IMPS
- e) UPI

- 24. Which Payment system offers electronic cash transfer from one bank to another in real time?
- a) RTGS
- b) IMPS
- c) NEFT
- d) AEPS
- e) MTSS
- 25. When was RTGS introduced?
- a) 2006
- b) 2002
- c) 2004
- d) 2001
- e) 2000
- 26. What is the minimum Amount of transfer for RTGS?
- a) 1,00,000
- b) 2,00,000
- c) 5,00,000
- d) 10,00,000
- e) No limit
- 27. Which type of payment system is used for transferring funds from one financial institution to another within India especially banks?
- a) NEFT
- b) RTGS
- c) IMPS
- d) BHIM
- e) AEPS
- 28. When did NEFT came into existence?
- a) 2006
- b) 2002
- c) 2004
- d) 2001
- e) 2005
- 29. Which is an instant interbank electronic fund transfer service through mobile phones?
- a)NEFT
- b) RTGS

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- c) IMPS
- d) BHIM
- e) AEPS

30. How many digits are MMID?

- a) 7
- b) 11
- c) 9
- d) 5
- e) 10

31. What is the maximum limit of IMPS?

- a) 5 lakh
- b) 3 lakh
- c) 2 lakh
- d) 10 lakh
- e) 1 lakh

32. Which Payment system is a way of transferring personal remittances from abroad to beneficiaries in India?

- a) RTGS
- b) IMPS
- c) NEFT
- d) AEPS
- e) MTSS

33. How much payment can be made to the beneficiary in india under MTSS?

- a) 10000
- b) 50000
- c) 1,00,000
- d) 2500
- e) 2,00,000

34. Which among the following payment system that allows online interoperable financial transaction?

- a) RTGS
- b) IMPS
- c) NEFT
- d) AEPS
- e) MTSS

35. What is the maximum amount of transaction per account per day through AEPS?

- a) 10000
- b) 50000
- c) 1,00,000
- d) 2500
- e) 2,00,000

36. Which real-time payment is the instant system developed by NPCI facilitating inter-bank transactions?

- a) NFS
- b) BHIM
- c) UPI
- d) AEPS
- e) BBPS

37. What is the limit on transaction through UPI?

- a) 50000
- b) 2lakh
- c) 5 lakh
- d) 1 lakh
- e) 10 lakh

38. What is the Authorized capital of NPCI?

- a) 500 crore
- b) 300 crore
- c) 100 croe
- d) 200 crore
- e) 250 crore

39. What is the paid up capital of NPCI?

- a) 500 crore
- b) 300 crore
- c) 100 croe
- d) 200 crore
- e) 250 crore

40. Where is the headquarters of NPCI?

- a) Mumbai
- b) New Delhi
- c) Chennai



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- d) Bengaluru
- e) Haryana

41. Who is the CEO of NPCI?

- a) A.P Hota
- b) DilipAsbe
- c) Biswamohan Mohapatra
- d) PraveenaRai
- e) N Rajendran

42. At present what is the time limit for NEFT?

- a) 9 am to 5 pm
- b) 9 am to 7 pm
- c) 8 am to 7 pm
- d) 8 am to 6 pm
- e) 9 am to 6 pm

Answers with Explanation

- 1. a) Talwar Committee
- 2. d) All the above
- 3. b) Savings Account

Explanation: Savings Account can be opened by Individuals in Bank to save some of their earnings.

4. e) All a, b and c

Explanation: In Savings Account there is a restriction a person can deposit or withdraw money within a month. Minimum deposit an individual has to maintain in account is determined by the banks.

5. a) Current Account

Explanation: Current accounts are opened for the business transactions on the name of firm or company

- 6. e) All the above
- 7. c) 6 months to 10 years

Explanation: Minimum period of RD is 6 months and maximum is 10 Years

- 8. d) Fixed deposit
- 9. e) 7 days to 10 years

Explanation: Tenure of FD can vary from 7 days to 10 years

10. d) Both a and c

Explanation: Bank's NDTL = Demand and Time Liabilities (deposits) – Deposits with other bank.

11. d) Individual Banks

Explanation: On saving account an individual earns some rate of interest, these rate of interest varies from bank to bank, earlier this rate of interest in fixed by RBI but now RBI has given power to banks to decide their own rate of interest on saving account.

12. b) FCNR Account

Explanation: In Foreign Currency (Non-Resident) Account, a person can open account in any permitted currency i.e. a foreign currency which is freely convertible.

13. b) NRO Account

Explanation: Authorized Dealers may allow their branches/ correspondents outside India to grant loans to or in favour of non-resident depositor or to third parties at the request of depositor for bona fide purpose against the security of funds held in the NRE/ FCNR (B) accounts in India, subject to usual margin requirements. IN NRO such facility is not permitted.

- 14. d) Both a and b
- 15. b) NRE Account

Explanation:

- Account will be maintained in Indian Rupees.
- Balances held in the NRE account are freely repatriable.
- Accrued interest income and balances held in NRE accounts are exempt from Income tax and Wealth tax, respectively.
- 16. c) Fixed deposit

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Explanation: A deposit of money that pays higher interest than a savings account but imposes conditions on the amount, frequency, and/or period of withdrawals. It is also called time deposit.

17. b) NPCI

Explanation: NPCI is the umbrella organization for all retail payment systems in India.

18. d) RatanWatal

Explanation: The Committee on Digital Payments headed by Ratan P. Watal has submitted its final report to the Union Finance Ministry. It was 11member committee. It was tasked to review existing payment systems in the country and recommend appropriate measures for encouraging Digital Payments.

19. a) UPI

Explanation: Unified Payments Interface (UPI) is the single mobile application for accessing different bank accounts.

20. d) BHIM

Explanation: BHIM (Bharat Interface for Money) is a mobile payment App developed by the National Payments Corporation of India (NPCI), based on the Unified Payments Interface (UPI).It is intended to facilitate e-payments directly through banks as part of the 2016 Indian banknote demonetisation and drive towards cashless transactions.

21. a) BBPS

Explanation: Bharat Bill Payment System (BBPS) is an integrated bill payment system in India offering interoperable and accessible bill payment service to customers through a network of agents of registered member as Agent Institutions (AI), enabling multiple payment modes, and providing instant confirmation of payment

22. c) NFS

Explanation: National Financial Switch (NFS) is the largest network of shared automated teller machines (ATMs) in India. It was designed, developed and deployed by the Institute for Development and Research in Banking Technology (IDRBT) in 2004, with the goal of inter-connecting the ATMs in the country and facilitating convenience banking. It is run by the National Payments Corporation of India (NPCI).

23. b) Bharat QR Code

Explanation: BharatQR, developed by NPCI, Mastercard, and Visa, is an integrated payment system in India. The system, which was launched in September 2016, facilitates users to transfer their money from one source to another. The money transferred through BharatQR is received directly in the user's linked bank account.

24. a) RTGS

Explanation: Real-time gross settlement (RTGS) systems are specialist funds transfer systems where the transfer of money or securitiestakes place from one bank to any other bank on a "real time" and on a "gross" basis. Settlement in "real time" means a payment transaction is not subjected to any waiting period.

25. c) 2004

Explanation: Reserve Bank of India introduced the RTGS System in March 2004 only for inter-bank transactions.

26. b) 2,00,000

Explanation: Minimum amount of transfer required for RTGS is Rs. 2 lakh and there is no maximum limit.

27. a) NEFT

Explanation: The main purpose of NEFT is to enable electronic cash transfer having accounts in bank branches. It is used for transferring funds from one financial institution to another within India especially banks.

28. e) 2005



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Explanation: Started in November 2005, the setup was established and maintained by Institute Development and Research in Banking Technology (IDRBT).

29. c) IMPS

Explanation: Immediate Payment Service (IMPS) is an instant payment inter-bank electronic funds transfer system in India. IMPS offers an inter-bank electronic fund transfer service through mobile phones. Unlike NEFT and RTGS, the service is available 24/7 throughout the year including bank holidays.

30. a) 7

Explanation: Mobile Money Identifier (MMID) is a seven digit random number issued by the bank upon registration. Remitter (customer who wants to send money) and Beneficiary (customer who wants to receive the money) should have this MMID for doing an interbank funds transfer.

31. c) 2 lakh

Explanation: For transferring of funds the minimum and maximum amount is Rs. 1and Rs.2,00,000.

32. e) MTSS

Explanation: Money Transfer Service Scheme(MTSS) is a quick and easy way of transferring personal remittances from abroad to beneficiaries in India. Only inward personal remittances into India such as remittances towards family maintenance remittances favouring foreign tourists visiting India are permissible.

33. b) 50000

Explanation: Amounts up to INR 50,000/- may be paid in cash to a beneficiary in India.

34. d) AEPS

Explanation: AEPS is a bank led model which allows online interoperable financial transaction at PoS (Point of Sale / Micro ATM) through the Business Correspondent (BC)/Bank Mitra of any bank using the Aadhaar authentication.

35. b) 50000

Explanation: RBI limit has set no for transactions made through AEPS. However, some banks have established a daily limit of a maximum of Rs. 50,000 on total transactions.

36. c) UPI

Explanation: Unified Payments Interface (UPI) is an instant real-time payment system developed by National Payments Corporation of India facilitating inter-bank transactions. The interface is regulated by the Reserve Bank of India and works by instantly transferring funds between two bank accounts on a mobile platform.

37. d) 1 lakh

38.b) 300 crore

Explanation: The authorized capital of NPCI is Rs. 300 crore.

39. c) 100 crore

Explanation: The paid-up capital of NPCI is 100 crore.

40. a) Mumbai

Explanation: Headquarters of NPCI is in Mumbai, Maharashtra.

41. b) DilipAsbe

Explanation: DilipAsbe is the current managing director and chief executive officer of the NPCI after A. P. Hota, who retired from the post on August 10, 2017.

42. c) 8am to 7pm

Explanation: RBI has announced that the NEFT facility will be available round the clock basis from December 2019. At present NEFT is available for customers from 8am to 7pm on all working days of the week except 2nd and 4th Saturdays of the month.

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