

Quadratic Equation for IBPS RRB Clerk 2020 Prelims Exam

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Quadratic Equation

Directions: In the given question, two equations numbered I and II are given. You have to solve both the equations and mark the appropriate answer

1. I) $x^2 + 5x + 6 = 0$

II) $y^2 + 7y + 12 = 0$

- a) $x > y$
- b) $x \geq y$
- c) $x < y$
- d) $x \leq y$
- e) $x = y$ or the relationship cannot be established

2. I) $x^2 = 784$

II) $y = \sqrt{784}$

- a) if $x > y$
- b) if $x \geq y$

c) if $x < y$

d) $x \leq y$

e) $x = y$ or the relationship cannot be established

3. I) $5x + 3y = 16$

II) $3x + 2y = 34$

a) $x > y$

b) $x \geq y$

c) $x < y$

d) $x \leq y$

e) $x = y$ or the relationship can not be established

4. I. $x^2 + 3x - 18 = 0$

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II. $y^2 - 16 = 0$

- a) $x > y$
- b) $x < y$
- c) $x \leq y$
- d) $x \geq y$
- e) $x = y$ or relationship cannot be determined

5. I) $6x + 3y = 18$

II) $3x + 4y = 15$

- a) if $x < y$
- b) if $x > y$
- c) if $x \leq y$
- d) if $x \geq y$
- e) $x = y$ or if the relationship cannot be established

6. I. $x^2 + 15x - 76 = 0$

II. $y^2 + 20y - 96 = 0$

- a) $x < y$
- b) $x > y$
- c) $x = y$ OR the relationship cannot be determined
- d) $x \geq y$
- e) $x \leq y$

7. I. $x^2 - 7x - 98 = 0$

II. $y^2 + 16y - 57 = 0$

- a) $x < y$
- b) $x > y$

c) $x = y$ OR the relationship cannot be determined

d) $x \geq y$

e) $x \leq y$

8. I. $x^2 - 3x - 10 = 0$

II. $y^2 - 37y + 330 = 0$

- a) $x < y$
- b) $x > y$
- c) $x \leq y$
- d) $x \geq y$
- e) $x = y$ or relationship cannot be established

9. I. $x^2 - 5x + 4 = 0$

II. $y^2 + 23y - 24 = 0$

- a) $x < y$
- b) $x > y$
- c) $x \leq y$
- d) $x \geq y$
- e) $x = y$ or relationship cannot be established

10. I. $x^2 - 27x + 180 = 0$

II. $y^2 - 5y - 84 = 0$

- a) $x > y$
- b) $x < y$
- c) $x = y$ or the relationship cannot be established
- d) $x \geq y$
- e) $x \leq y$

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11. I. $x^2 - 21x + 108 = 0$

II. $y^2 - 24y + 128 = 0$

- a) $x > y$
- b) $x < y$
- c) $x = y$ or the relationship cannot be established
- d) $x \geq y$
- e) $x \leq y$

12. I. $x^2 - 16x + 63 = 0$

II. $y^2 - 2y - 24 = 0$

- a) $x > y$
- b) $x < y$
- c) $x = y$ or the relationship cannot be established
- d) $x \geq y$
- e) $x \leq y$

13. I. $x^2 + 17x + 60 = 0$

II. $y^2 - 3y - 40 = 0$

- a) $x > y$
- b) $x < y$
- c) $x = y$ or the relationship cannot be established
- d) $x \geq y$
- e) $x \leq y$

14. I. $x^2 - 7x - 18 = 0$

II. $y^2 - 20y + 99 = 0$

- a) $x < y$

b) $x > y$

c) $x = y$ OR the relationship cannot be determined

d) $x \geq y$

e) $x \leq y$

15. I. $x^2 + 6x + 8 = 0$

II. $y^2 - 3y - 10 = 0$

a) $x < y$

b) $x > y$

c) $x \leq y$

d) $x \geq y$

e) $x = y$ or relationship cannot be established

16. I. $x^2 - 19x - 66 = 0$

II. $y^2 + 20y + 64 = 0$

a) $x < y$

b) $x > y$

c) $x \leq y$

d) $x \geq y$

e) $x = y$ or relationship cannot be established

17. I. $x^2 - 22x + 72 = 0$

II. $y^2 - 32y + 247 = 0$

a) $x < y$

b) $x > y$

c) $x \leq y$

d) $x \geq y$

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e) $x = y$ or relationship cannot be established

18. I. $x^2 + 6x - 352 = 0$

II. $y^2 + 25y + 156 = 0$

a) $x < y$

b) $x > y$

c) $x \leq y$

d) $x \geq y$

e) $x = y$ or relationship cannot be established

19. I. $x^2 - 24x + 128 = 0$

II. $y^2 + 7y - 120 = 0$

a) $x > y$

b) $x < y$

c) $x = y$ or the relationship cannot be established

d) $x \geq y$

e) $x \leq y$

20. I. $x^2 + 28x + 195 = 0$

II. $y^2 + 26y + 168 = 0$

a) $x > y$

b) $x < y$

c) $x = y$ or the relationship cannot be established

d) $x \geq y$

e) $x \leq y$

21. I. $x^2 - 6x - 160 = 0$

II. $y^2 - 30y + 224 = 0$

a) $x > y$

b) $x < y$

c) $x = y$ or the relationship cannot be established

d) $x \geq y$

e) $x \leq y$

22. I. $x^2 - 26x + 165 = 0$

II. $y^2 - 24y + 143 = 0$

a) $x > y$

b) $x < y$

c) $x = y$ or the relationship cannot be established

d) $x \geq y$

e) $x \leq y$

23. I. $x^2 + 2x - 15 = 0$

II. $y^2 - 15y + 44 = 0$

a) $x > y$

b) $x < y$

c) $x = y$ or the relationship cannot be established

d) $x \geq y$

e) $x \leq y$

24. I. $x^2 - 12x + 32 = 0$

II. $y^2 - y - 12 = 0$

a) $x > y$

b) $x < y$

c) $x = y$ or the relationship cannot be established

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- d) $x \geq y$
e) $x \leq y$
25. I. $x^2 - 12x + 27 = 0$
II. $y^2 - 3y - 18 = 0$
a) $x > y$
b) $x < y$
c) $x = y$ or the relationship cannot be established
d) $x \geq y$
e) $x \leq y$
26. I. $x^2 - 16x + 55 = 0$
II. $y^2 - 15y + 56 = 0$
a) $x > y$
b) $x < y$
c) $x = y$ or the relationship cannot be established
d) $x \geq y$
e) $x \leq y$
27. I. $x^2 - 20x + 96 = 0$
II. $y^2 + y - 42 = 0$
a) $x > y$
b) $x < y$
c) $x = y$ or the relationship cannot be established
d) $x \geq y$
e) $x \leq y$
28. I. $x^2 + 13x - 198 = 0$
II. $y^2 - 11y - 102 = 0$
a) $x < y$
b) $x > y$
c) $x = y$ OR the relationship cannot be determined
d) $x \geq y$
e) $x \leq y$
29. I. $x^2 + 7x - 8 = 0$
II. $y^2 - 21y + 108 = 0$
a) $x < y$
b) $x > y$
c) $x = y$ OR the relationship cannot be determined
d) $x \geq y$
e) $x \leq y$
30. I. $x^2 - 19x + 84 = 0$
II. $y^2 + 14y + 45 = 0$
a) $x < y$
b) $x > y$
c) $x = y$ OR the relationship cannot be determined
d) $x \geq y$
e) $x \leq y$
31. I. $x^2 - 8x + 12 = 0$
II. $y^2 + 6y + 5 = 0$
a) $x \geq y$
b) $y \geq x$

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c) Relationships cannot be established between x & y

d) $x > y$

e) $x < y$

32. $x^2 - 2x + 1 = 0$

$y^2 - 6y + 9 = 0$

a) $x < y$

b) $x > y$

c) $x \leq y$

d) $x \geq y$

e) $x = y$ or relationship between x and y cannot be established

33. I $x^2 + 6x + 9 = 0$

II $y^2 + 7y + 12 = 0$

a) $x > y$

b) $x \geq y$

c) $x < y$

d) $x \leq y$

e) $x = y$ or the relationship can't be established.

34. I $x^2 - 8x + 15 = 0$

II $y^2 + 14y + 24 = 0$

a) $x > y$

b) $x \geq y$

c) $x < y$

d) $x \leq y$

e) $x = y$ or relationship between x and y cannot be established

35. I. $x^2 - 9x - 136 = 0$

II. $y^2 + 18y - 63 = 0$

a) $x < y$

b) $x > y$

c) $x = y$ OR the relationship cannot be determined

d) $x \geq y$

e) $x \leq y$

36. $x^2 - x - 6 = 0$

$y^2 + 2y - 3 = 0$

a) $x < y$

b) $x > y$

c) $x \leq y$

d) $x \geq y$

e) $x = y$ or relationship between x and y cannot be established

37. I. $x^2 + 17x + 70 = 0$

II. $y^2 - 7y - 30 = 0$

a) $x < y$

b) $x > y$

c) $x \leq y$

d) $x \geq y$

e) $x = y$ or relationship cannot be established

38. I. $a^2 - 784 = 0$

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II. $b^2 - 24b = 0$

- a) $a < b$
- b) $a > b$
- c) $a \leq b$
- d) $a \geq b$
- e) $a = b$ or the relationship cannot be determined

39. I. $a = \sqrt{1225}$

II. $b^2 = 1225$

- a) $a > b$
- b) $a < b$
- c) $a \geq b$
- d) $a \leq b$
- e) $a = b$ or relation cannot be established

40. I. $a^2 - 64 = 0$

II. $9b^2 - 729 = 0$

- a) $a < b$
- b) $a > b$
- c) $a \leq b$
- d) $a \geq b$
- e) $a = b$ or the relationship cannot be determined

41. I. $x^2 - 22x + 120 = 0$

II. $y^2 - 3y - 130 = 0$

- a) $x < y$
- b) $x > y$

c) $x \leq y$

d) $x \geq y$

e) $x = y$ or relationship cannot be established

42. I) $x^2 - 5x + 6 = 0$

II) $y^4 - 5y^2 + 6 = 0$

- a) $x > y$
- b) $x \geq y$
- c) $x < y$
- d) $x = y$ or Relationship between x and y cannot be determined
- e) $x \leq y$

43. I. $4x^2 - 9x + 2 = 0$

II. $y^2 + 29y - 62 = 0$

- a) $x < y$
- b) $x > y$
- c) $x = y$ OR the relationship cannot be determined
- d) $x \geq y$
- e) $x \leq y$

44. I. $x^2 - 17x + 60 = 0$

II. $y^2 - 23y + 120 = 0$

- a) $x > y$
- b) $x < y$
- c) $x = y$ or the relationship cannot be established
- d) $x \geq y$
- e) $x \leq y$

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45. I. $x^2 - x - 56 = 0$

II. $y^2 - 15y + 56 = 0$

- a) $x > y$
- b) $x < y$
- c) $x = y$ or the relationship cannot be established
- d) $x \geq y$
- e) $x \leq y$

46. I. $x^2 - 88 = 273$

II. $y = \sqrt{361}$

- a) $x > y$
- b) $x < y$
- c) $x = y$ or the relationship cannot be established
- d) $x \geq y$
- e) $x \leq y$

47. I. $x^2 - 23x + 132 = 0$

II. $y^2 - 20y + 100 = 0$

- a) $x > y$
- b) $x < y$
- c) $x = y$ or the relationship cannot be established
- d) $x \geq y$
- e) $x \leq y$

48. I. $x^2 + 3x - 88 = 0$

II. $y^2 - 33y + 242 = 0$

- a) $x > y$
- b) $x < y$
- c) $x = y$ or the relationship cannot be established
- d) $x \geq y$
- e) $x \leq y$

49. I. $x^2 + 5x + 6 = 0$

II. $y^2 - 19y - 42 = 0$

- a) $x < y$
- b) $x > y$
- c) $x \leq y$
- d) $x \geq y$
- e) $x = y$ or relationship cannot be established

50. I. $x^2 + 18x + 80 = 0$

II. $y^2 + 29y + 190 = 0$

- a) $x < y$
- b) $x > y$
- c) $x \leq y$
- d) $x \geq y$
- e) $x = y$ or relationship cannot be established

Solution with Explanation

1. Answer: B)

Solving equation I

$$x^2 + 5x + 6 = 0$$

$$x^2 + 2x + 3x + 6 = 0$$

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$$\Rightarrow x(x+2) + 3(x+2) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x+3)(x+2) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x = -3 \text{ or } -2$$

Solving equation II

$$y + 7y + 12 = 0$$

$$y + 4y + 3y + 12 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y(y+4) + 3(y+4) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (y+3)(y+4) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y = -3 \text{ or } -4$$

$$\therefore x \geq y$$

2. Answer: D)

As per the given data,

From I)

$$\Rightarrow x^2 = 784$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \pm 28$$

From II)

$$\Rightarrow y = \sqrt{(784)} = 28$$

$\therefore$ From the above, we can say $x \leq y$

3. Answer: C)

As per the given data,

From I)

$$\Rightarrow 5x + 3y = 16$$

Multiply 3 on both sides, we get

$$\Rightarrow 15x + 9y = 48 \dots \text{equation (1)}$$

From II)

$$\Rightarrow 3x + 2y = 34$$

Multiply 5 on both sides, we get

$$\Rightarrow 15x + 10y = 170 \dots \text{equation (2)}$$

Subtract equation (1) from equation (2), we get

$$\Rightarrow -y = -122$$

$$\Rightarrow y = 122$$

Substitute $y = 122$ in equation (1)

$$\Rightarrow 15x + 9 \times (122) = 48$$

$$\Rightarrow 15x = 48 - 1098$$

$$\Rightarrow x = -1050/15 = -70$$

$$\therefore x < y$$

4. Answer: E)

As per the given data,

By solving $x^2 + 3x - 18 = 0$, we get

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + 3x - 18 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + 6x - 3x - 18 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x(x+6) - 3(x+6) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x-3)(x+6) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 3 \text{ and } x = -6$$

Also by solving $y^2 - 16 = 0$

$$\Rightarrow y^2 - 4^2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y = \pm 4$$

When $x = 3$ and $y = 4$, then $x < y$

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When $x = 3$ and $y = -4$, then $x > y$

When $x = -6$ and $y = 4$, then $x < y$

When $x = -6$ and $y = -4$, then $x < y$

$\therefore$ Relationship cannot be determined

5. Answer: A)

From the given data,

$$\Rightarrow 6x + 3y = 18 \text{ --- equation (1)}$$

Also given that $3x + 4y = 15$

Multiply 2 on both sides, we get

$$\Rightarrow 2(3x + 4y = 15)$$

$$\Rightarrow 6x + 8y = 30 \text{ --- equation (2)}$$

Subtract equation (1) from equation (2), we get

$$\Rightarrow 5y = 12$$

$$\Rightarrow y = 2.4$$

Substitute $y = 2.4$ in equation (1)

$$\Rightarrow 6x + 3(2.4) = 18$$

$$\Rightarrow 6x = 10.8$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 1.8$$

$$\therefore x < y$$

6. Answer: C)

$$\text{I. } x^2 + 15x - 76 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + 19x - 4x - 76 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x(x + 19) - 4(x + 19) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x + 19)(x - 4) = 0$$

$$\text{Then, } x = -19 \text{ or } x = +4$$

$$\text{II. } y^2 + 20y - 96 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y^2 + 24y - 4y - 96 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y(y + 24) - 4(y + 24) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (y + 24)(y - 4) = 0$$

$$\text{Then, } y = -24 \text{ or } y = +4$$

So, when $x = +4$, $x > y$ for $y = -24$ and $x = y$ for $y = +4$

And when $x = -19$, $x > y$ for $y = -24$ and $x < y$ for $y = +4$

$\therefore$ So, we can observe that no clear relationship cannot be determined between x and y .

7. Answer: C)

$$\text{I. } x^2 - 7x - 98 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 - 14x + 7x - 98 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x(x - 14) + 7(x - 14) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x - 14)(x + 7) = 0$$

$$\text{Then, } x = +14 \text{ or } x = -7$$

$$\text{II. } y^2 + 16y - 57 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y^2 + 19y - 3y - 57 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y(y + 19) - 3(y + 19) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (y + 19)(y - 3) = 0$$

$$\text{Then, } y = -19 \text{ or } y = +3$$

So, when $x = +14$, $x > y$ for $y = -19$ and $x > y$ for $y = +3$

And when $x = -7$, $x > y$ for $y = -19$ and $x < y$ for $y = +3$

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∴ So, we can observe that no clear relationship cannot be determined between x and y.

8. Answer: A)

From equation I:

$$x^2 - 3x - 10 = (x + 2)(x - 5) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x = -2, 5$$

From equation II:

$$y^2 - 37y + 330 = (y - 22)(y - 15) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y = 22, 15$$

	X = -2	X = 5
Y = 22	x < y	x < y
Y = 15	x < y	x < y

So, x < y

9. Answer: D)

From equation I:

$$x^2 - 5x + 4 = (x - 4)(x - 1) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 4, 1$$

From equation II:

$$y^2 + 23y - 24 = (y + 24)(y - 1) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y = -24, 1$$

	X = 4	X = 1
Y = -24	x > y	x > y
Y = 1	x > y	x = y

So, x ≥ y

10. Answer: D)

From I:

$$x^2 - 27x + 180 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 12x - 15x + 180 = 0$$

$$x(x - 12) - 15(x - 12) = 0$$

$$(x - 12)(x - 15) = 0$$

$$x = 12, 15$$

From II:

$$y^2 - 5y - 84 = 0$$

$$y^2 - 12y + 7y - 84 = 0$$

$$y(y - 12) + 7(y - 12) = 0$$

$$(y - 12)(y + 7) = 0$$

$$y = 12, -7$$

X	Relation	y
12	=	12
15	>	12
12	>	-7
15	>	-7

Therefore, x ≥ y

11. Answer: C)

From I:

$$x^2 - 21x + 108 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 12x - 9x + 108 = 0$$

$$x(x - 12) - 9(x - 12) = 0$$

$$(x - 12)(x - 9) = 0$$

$$x = 9, 12$$

From II:

$$y^2 - 24y + 128 = 0$$

$$y^2 - 16y - 8y + 128 = 0$$

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$$y(y - 16) - 8(y - 16) = 0$$

$$(y - 16)(y - 8) = 0$$

$$y = 8, 16$$

X	Relation	y
9	>	8
9	<	16
12	>	8
12	<	16

Therefore, no relation can be established between x and y

12. Answer: A)

From I:

$$x^2 - 16x + 63 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 7x - 9x + 63 = 0$$

$$x(x - 7) - 9(x - 7) = 0$$

$$(x - 7)(x - 9) = 0$$

$$x = 7, 9$$

From II:

$$y^2 - 2y - 24 = 0$$

$$y^2 - 6y + 4y - 24 = 0$$

$$y(y - 6) + 4(y - 6) = 0$$

$$(y - 6)(y + 4) = 0$$

$$y = 6, -4$$

X	Relation	y
9	>	6
9	>	-4
7	>	6
7	>	-4

Therefore, $x > y$

13. Answer: E)

From I:

$$x^2 + 17x + 60 = 0$$

$$x^2 + 5x + 12x + 60 = 0$$

$$x(x + 5) + 12(x + 5) = 0$$

$$(x + 5)(x + 12) = 0$$

$$x = -5, -12$$

From II:

$$y^2 - 3y - 40 = 0$$

$$y^2 - 8y + 5y - 40 = 0$$

$$y(y - 8) + 5(y - 8) = 0$$

$$(y - 8)(y + 5) = 0$$

$$y = 8, -5$$

X	Relation	y
-5	<	8
-5	=	-5
-12	<	8
-12	<	-5

Therefore, $x \leq y$

14. Answer: E)

$$I. x^2 - 7x - 18 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 - 9x + 2x - 18 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x(x - 9) + 2(x - 9) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x - 9)(x + 2) = 0$$

Then, $x = +9$ or $x = -2$

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II. $y^2 - 20y + 99 = 0$

$\Rightarrow y^2 - 11y - 9y + 99 = 0$

$\Rightarrow y(y - 11) - 9(y - 11) = 0$

$\Rightarrow (y - 11)(y - 9) = 0$

Then, $y = +11$ or $y = +9$

So, when $x = +9$, $x < y$ for $y = +11$ and $x = y$ for $y = +9$

And when $x = -2$, $x < y$ for $y = +11$ and $x < y$ for $y = +9$

$\therefore$ So, we can clearly observe that $x \leq y$.

15. Answer: C)

From equation I:

$x^2 + 6x + 8 = (x + 2)(x + 4) = 0$

$\Rightarrow x = -2, -4$

From equation II:

$y^2 - 3y - 10 = (y - 5)(y + 2) = 0$

$\Rightarrow y = 5, -2$

	X = -2	X = -4
Y = 5	$x < y$	$x < y$
Y = -2	$x = y$	$x < y$

So, $x \leq y$

16. Answer: B)

From equation I:

$x^2 - 19x - 66 = (x - 22)(x + 3) = 0$

$\Rightarrow x = 22, -3$

From equation II:

$y^2 + 20y + 64 = (y + 4)(y + 16) = 0$

$\Rightarrow y = -4, -16$

	X = 22	X = -3
Y = -4	$x > y$	$x > y$
Y = -16	$x > y$	$x > y$

So, $x > y$

17. Answer: E)

From equation I:

$x^2 - 22x + 72 = (x - 18)(x - 4) = 0$

$\Rightarrow x = 18, 4$

From equation II:

$y^2 - 32y + 247 = (y - 19)(y - 13) = 0$

$\Rightarrow y = 19, 13$

	X = 18	X = 4
Y = 19	$x < y$	$x < y$
Y = 13	$x > y$	$x < y$

So, relationship cannot be established between x and y

18. Answer: E)

From equation I:

$x^2 + 6x - 352 = (x + 22)(x - 16) = 0$

$\Rightarrow x = -22, 16$

From equation II:

$y^2 + 25y + 156 = (y + 13)(y + 12) = 0$

$\Rightarrow y = -13, -12$

	X = -22	X = 16
Y = -13	$x < y$	$x > y$
Y = -12	$x < y$	$x > y$

So, relationship cannot be established between x and y

19. Answer: D)

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From I:

$$x^2 - 24x + 128 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 8x - 16x + 128 = 0$$

$$x(x - 8) - 16(x - 8) = 0$$

$$(x - 8)(x - 16) = 0$$

$$x = 8, 16$$

From II:

$$y^2 + 7y - 120 = 0$$

$$y^2 + 15y - 8y - 120 = 0$$

$$y(y + 15) - 8(y + 15) = 0$$

$$(y + 15)(y - 8) = 0$$

$$y = -15, 8$$

X	Relation	Y
8	=	8
8	>	-15
16	>	8
16	>	-15

So, $x \geq y$

20. Answer: C)

From I:

$$x^2 + 28x + 195 = 0$$

$$x^2 + 13x + 15x + 195 = 0$$

$$x(x + 13) + 15(x + 13) = 0$$

$$(x + 13)(x + 15) = 0$$

$$x = -13, -15$$

From II:

$$y^2 + 26y + 168 = 0$$

$$y^2 + 12y + 14y + 168 = 0$$

$$y(y + 12) + 14(y + 12) = 0$$

$$(y + 12)(y + 14) = 0$$

$$y = -12, -14$$

X	Relation	Y
-13	<	-12
-13	>	-14
-15	<	-12
-15	<	-14

So, no relation can be established between x and y.

21. Answer: C)

From I:

$$x^2 - 6x - 160 = 0$$

$$x^2 + 10x - 16x - 160 = 0$$

$$x(x + 10) - 16(x + 10) = 0$$

$$(x + 10)(x - 16) = 0$$

$$x = -10, 16$$

From II:

$$y^2 - 30y + 224 = 0$$

$$y^2 - 14y - 16y + 224 = 0$$

$$y(y - 14) - 16(y - 14) = 0$$

$$(y - 14)(y - 16) = 0$$

$$y = 14, 16$$

X	Relation	y
-10	<	14
-10	<	16

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16	>	14
16	=	16

So, no relation can be established between x and y.

22. Answer: C)

From I:

$$x^2 - 26x + 165 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 11x - 15x + 165 = 0$$

$$x(x - 11) - 15(x - 11) = 0$$

$$(x - 11)(x - 15) = 0$$

$$x = 11, 15$$

From II:

$$y^2 - 24y + 143 = 0$$

$$y^2 - 13y - 11y + 143 = 0$$

$$y(y - 13) - 11(y - 13) = 0$$

$$(y - 13)(y - 11) = 0$$

$$y = 11, 13$$

X	Relation	y
11	=	11
11	<	13
15	>	11
15	>	13

So, no relation can be established between x and y.

23. Answer: B)

From I:

$$x^2 + 2x - 15 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 3x + 5x - 15 = 0$$

$$x(x - 3) + 5(x - 3) = 0$$

$$(x - 3)(x + 5) = 0$$

$$x = 3, -5$$

From II:

$$y^2 - 15y + 44 = 0$$

$$y^2 - 4y - 11y + 44 = 0$$

$$y(y - 4) - 11(y - 4) = 0$$

$$(y - 4)(y - 11) = 0$$

$$y = 4, 11$$

X	Relation	y
3	<	4
3	<	11
-5	<	4
-5	<	11

So, $x < y$

24. Answer: D)

From I:

$$x^2 - 12x + 32 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 8x - 4x + 32 = 0$$

$$x(x - 8) - 4(x - 8) = 0$$

$$(x - 8)(x - 4) = 0$$

$$x = 8, 4$$

From II:

$$y^2 - y - 12 = 0$$

$$y^2 + 3y - 4y - 12 = 0$$

$$y(y + 3) - 4(y + 3) = 0$$

$$(y + 3)(y - 4) = 0$$

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$$y = -3, 4$$

X	Relation	y
8	>	-3
8	>	4
4	>	-3
4	=	4

So, $x \geq y$

25. Answer: C)

From I:

$$x^2 - 12x + 27 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 3x - 9x + 27 = 0$$

$$x(x - 3) - 9(x - 3) = 0$$

$$(x - 3)(x - 9) = 0$$

$$x = 3, 9$$

From II:

$$y^2 - 3y - 18 = 0$$

$$y^2 + 3y - 6y - 18 = 0$$

$$y(y + 3) - 6(y + 3) = 0$$

$$(y + 3)(y - 6) = 0$$

$$y = -3, 6$$

X	Relation	y
3	>	-3
3	<	6
9	>	-3
9	>	6

So, no relationship can be established between x and y.

26. Answer: C)

From I:

$$x^2 - 16x + 55 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 11x - 5x + 55 = 0$$

$$x(x - 11) - 5(x - 11) = 0$$

$$(x - 5)(x - 11) = 0$$

$$x = 5, 11$$

From II:

$$y^2 - 15y + 56 = 0$$

$$y^2 - 7y - 8y + 56 = 0$$

$$y(y - 7) - 8(y - 7) = 0$$

$$(y - 7)(y - 8) = 0$$

$$y = 7, 8$$

X	Relation	y
5	<	7
5	<	8
11	>	7
11	>	8

So, no relationship can be established between x and y.

27. Answer: A)

From I:

$$x^2 - 20x + 96 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 8x - 12x + 96 = 0$$

$$x(x - 8) - 12(x - 8) = 0$$

$$(x - 8)(x - 12) = 0$$

$$x = 8, 12$$

From II:

$$y^2 + y - 42 = 0$$

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$$y^2 + 7y - 6y - 42 = 0$$

$$y(y + 7) - 6(y + 7) = 0$$

$$(y + 7)(y - 6) = 0$$

$$y = -7, 6$$

X	Relation	Y
8	>	-7
12	>	-7
8	>	6
12	>	6

So, $x > y$

28. Answer: C)

$$\text{I. } x^2 + 13x - 198 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + 22x - 9x - 198 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x(x + 22) - 9(x + 22) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x + 22)(x - 9) = 0$$

$$\text{Then, } x = -22 \text{ or } x = +9$$

$$\text{II. } y^2 - 11y - 102 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y^2 - 17y + 6y - 102 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y(y - 17) + 6(y - 17) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (y - 17)(y + 6) = 0$$

$$\text{Then, } y = +17 \text{ or } y = -6$$

So, when $x = -22$, $x < y$ for $y = +17$ and $x < y$ for $y = -6$

And when $x = +9$, $x < y$ for $y = +17$ and $x > y$ for $y = -6$

$\therefore$ So, we can observe that no clear relationship cannot be determined between x and y .

29. Answer: A)

$$\text{I. } x^2 + 7x - 8 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + 8x - x - 8 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x(x + 8) - 1(x + 8) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x + 8)(x - 1) = 0$$

$$\text{Then, } x = -8 \text{ or } x = +1$$

$$\text{II. } y^2 - 21y + 108 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y^2 - 12y - 9y + 108 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y(y - 12) - 9(y - 12) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (y - 12)(y - 9) = 0$$

$$\text{Then, } y = +12 \text{ or } y = +9$$

So, when $x = -8$, $x < y$ for $y = +12$ and $x < y$ for $y = +9$

And when $x = +1$, $x < y$ for $y = +12$ and $x < y$ for $y = +9$

So, we can observe that $x < y$.

30. Answer: B)

$$\text{I. } x^2 - 19x + 84 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 - 12x - 7x + 84 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x(x - 12) - 7(x - 12) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x - 12)(x - 7) = 0$$

$$\text{Then, } x = +12 \text{ or } x = +7$$

$$\text{II. } y^2 + 14y + 45 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y^2 + 9y + 5y + 45 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y(y + 9) + 5(y + 9) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (y + 9)(y + 5) = 0$$

$$\text{Then, } y = -9 \text{ or } y = -5$$

So, when $x = +12$, $x > y$ for $y = -9$ and $x > y$ for $y = -5$

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And when $x = +7$, $x > y$ for $y = -9$ and $x > y$ for $y = -5$

∴ So, we can observe that $x > y$.

31. Answer: D)

$$\text{I. } x^2 - 8x + 12 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 - 6x - 2x + 12 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x(x - 6) - 2(x - 6) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x - 6)(x - 2) = 0$$

Then, $x = 6$ or $x = 2$

$$\text{II. } y^2 + 6y + 5 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y^2 + 5y + y + 5 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y(y + 5) + 1(y + 5) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (y + 5)(y + 1) = 0$$

Then, $y = -5$ or $y = -1$

∴ As, we can observe that both of the values of x are positive and both of the values of y are negative then we can clearly say that $x > y$.

32. Answer: A)

For eq 1:

$$x^2 - 2x + 1 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 - x - x + 1 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x - 1)^2 = 0$$

$$\therefore x = 1$$

For eq 2:

$$y^2 - 6y + 9 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y^2 - 3y - 3y + 9 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (y - 3)^2 = 0$$

$$\therefore y = 3$$

When $x = 1$, $y = 3$

∴ x and y are related as $x < y$

33. Answer: B)

From the given data,

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + 6x + 9 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + 3x + 3x + 9 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x(x + 3) + 3(x + 3) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x + 3)(x + 3) = 0$$

$$\therefore x = -3$$

Also given that $y^2 + 7y + 12 = 0$

$$\Rightarrow y^2 + 3y + 4y + 12 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y(y + 3) + 4(y + 3) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (y + 3)(y + 4) = 0$$

$$\therefore y = -3 \text{ and } y = -4$$

When $x = -3$ and $y = -3$, then $x = y$

$x = -3$ and $y = -4$, then $x > y$

$$\therefore x \geq y$$

34. Answer: A)

From the given data,

$$\Rightarrow x^2 - 8x + 15 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 - 3x - 5x + 15 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x(x - 3) - 5(x - 3) = 0$$

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$$\Rightarrow (x - 3)(x - 5) = 0$$

$$\therefore x = 3 \text{ and } x = 5$$

$$\text{Also given that } y^2 + 14y + 24 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y^2 + 12y + 2y + 24 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y(y + 12) + 2(y + 12) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (y + 2)(y + 12) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y = -2 \text{ and } y = -12$$

$$\therefore \text{When } x = 3 \text{ and } y = -2, \text{ then } x > y$$

$$\text{When } x = 3 \text{ and } y = -12, \text{ then } x > y$$

$$\text{When } x = 5 \text{ and } y = -2, \text{ then } x > y$$

$$\text{When } x = 5 \text{ and } y = -12, \text{ then } x > y$$

$$\therefore x > y$$

35. Answer: C)

$$\text{I. } x^2 - 9x - 136 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 - 17x + 8x - 136 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x(x - 17) + 8(x - 17) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x - 17)(x + 8) = 0$$

$$\text{Then, } x = +17 \text{ or } x = -8$$

$$\text{II. } y^2 + 18y - 63 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y^2 + 21y - 3y - 63 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y(y + 21) - 3(y + 21) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (y + 21)(y - 3) = 0$$

$$\text{Then, } y = -21 \text{ or } y = +3$$

$$\text{So, when } x = +17, x > y \text{ for } y = -21 \text{ and } x > y \text{ for } y = +3$$

$$\text{And when } x = -8, x > y \text{ for } y = -21 \text{ and } x < y \text{ for } y = +3$$

$$\therefore \text{So, we can observe that no clear relationship cannot be determined between } x \text{ and } y.$$

36. Answer: E)

For eq 1:

$$x^2 - x - 6 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + 2x - 3x - 6 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x + 2)(x - 3) = 0$$

$$\therefore x = -2 \text{ or } x = 3$$

For eq 2:

$$y^2 + 2y - 3 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y^2 + 3y - y - 3 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (y + 3)(y - 1) = 0$$

$$\therefore y = -3 \text{ or } y = 1$$

$$\text{When } x = -2, y = -3, \text{ then } x > y$$

$$\text{When } x = -2, y = 1, \text{ then } x < y$$

$$\text{When } x = 3, y = -3, \text{ then } x > y$$

$$\text{When } x = 3, y = 1, \text{ then } x > y$$

$$\therefore \text{No relation is obtained between } x \text{ and } y$$

37. Answer: A)

From equation I:

$$x^2 + 17x + 70 = (x + 10)(x + 7) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x = -10, -7$$

From equation II:

$$y^2 - 7y - 30 = (y - 10)(y + 3) = 0$$

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$\Rightarrow y = 10, -3$

	X = -10	X = -7
Y = 10	$x < y$	$x < y$
Y = -3	$x < y$	$x < y$

So, $x < y$

38. Answer: E)

I. $a^2 - 784 = 0$

$\Rightarrow a^2 - 28^2 = 0$

$\Rightarrow$ Use: $(a^2 - b^2) = (a - b)(a + b)$

$\Rightarrow (a + 28)(a - 28) = 0$

Then, $a = (-28)$ or $a = (28)$

II. $b^2 - 24b = 0$

$\Rightarrow b(b - 24) = 0$

Then, $b = (0)$ or $a = (24)$

So, when $a = (-28)$, $a < b$ for $b = (0)$ and $a < b$ for $b = (24)$

And when $a = (28)$, $a > b$ for $b = (0)$ and $a > b$ for $b = (24)$

$\therefore$ So, the relationship cannot be determined.

39. Answer: C)

I. $a = \sqrt{1225}$

$\Rightarrow a = \sqrt{(35 \times 35)}$

$\Rightarrow a = +35$

II. $b^2 = 1225$

$\Rightarrow b^2 = (35)^2$

$\Rightarrow b = \pm 35$

So, when $a = +35$, $a = b$ for $a = +35$ and $a > b$ for $a = -35$

$\therefore$ We can observe that $a \geq b$.

40. Answer: E)

I. $a^2 - 64 = 0$

Use: $(a^2 - b^2) = (a - b)(a + b)$

$\Rightarrow (a + 8)(a - 8) = 0$

Then, $a = 8$ or $a = -8$

II. $9b^2 - 729 = 0$

$\Rightarrow 9(b^2 - 81) = 0$

Use: $(a^2 - b^2) = (a - b)(a + b)$

$\Rightarrow (b^2 - 81) = 0$

$\Rightarrow (b + 9)(b - 9) = 0$

Then, $b = 9$ or $b = -9$

So, when $a = -8$, $a > b$ for $b = -9$ and $a < b$ for $b = 9$

And when $a = 8$, $a > b$ for $b = -9$ and $a < b$ for $b = 9$

$\therefore$ So, the relationship cannot be determined.

41. Answer: E)

From equation I:

$x^2 - 22x + 120 = (x - 10)(x - 12) = 0$

$\Rightarrow x = 10, 12$

From equation II:

$y^2 - 3y - 130 = (y - 13)(y + 10) = 0$

$\Rightarrow y = 13, -10$

	X = 10	X = 12
Y = 13	$x < y$	$x < y$

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$Y = -10$	$x > y$	$x > y$
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So, relationship cannot be established between x and y

42. Answer: A)

I) $x^2 - 5x + 6 = 0$

$$\Rightarrow (x - 2)(x - 3) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 2, 3$$

II) $y^4 - 5y^2 + 6 = 0$

Let $y^2 = t$

$$\Rightarrow y = \sqrt{t}$$

$$\Rightarrow t^2 - 5t + 6 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (t - 2)(t - 3) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow t = 2, 3$$

$$\Rightarrow y = \pm\sqrt{2}, \pm\sqrt{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{For } x = 2 \text{ and } y = \pm\sqrt{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow x > y$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{For } x = 3 \text{ and } y = \pm\sqrt{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow x > y$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{For } x = 2 \text{ and } y = \pm\sqrt{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow x > y$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{For } x = 2 \text{ and } y = \pm\sqrt{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow x > y$$

$$\therefore x > y$$

43. Answer: C)

I. $4x^2 - 9x + 2 = 0$

$$\Rightarrow 4x^2 - 8x - x + 2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 4x(x - 2) - 1(x - 2) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x - 2)(4x - 1) = 0$$

Then, $x = +2$ or $x = +\frac{1}{4}$

II. $y^2 + 29y - 62 = 0$

$$\Rightarrow y^2 + 31y - 2y - 62 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y(y + 31) - 2(y + 31) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (y + 31)(y - 2) = 0$$

Then, $y = -31$ or $y = +2$

So, when $x = +2$, $x > y$ for $y = -31$ and $x = y$ for $y = +2$

And when $x = +\frac{1}{4}$, $x > y$ for $y = -31$ and $x < y$ for $y = +2$

$\therefore$ So, we can observe that no clear relationship cannot be determined between x and y .

44. Answer: C)

From I:

$$x^2 - 17x + 60 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 12x - 5x + 60 = 0$$

$$x(x - 12) - 5(x - 12) = 0$$

$$(x - 12)(x - 5) = 0$$

$$x = 12, 5$$

From II:

$$y^2 - 23y + 120 = 0$$

$$y^2 - 15y - 8y + 120 = 0$$

$$y(y - 15) - 8(y - 15) = 0$$

$$(y - 15)(y - 8) = 0$$

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$y = 8, 15$

X	Relation	Y
12	>	8
12	<	15
5	<	8
5	<	15

So, the relationship cannot be established between x and y.

45. Answer: C)

From I:

$$x^2 - x - 56 = 0$$

$$x^2 + 7x - 8x - 56 = 0$$

$$x(x + 7) - 8(x + 7) = 0$$

$$(x + 7)(x - 8) = 0$$

$$x = -7, 8$$

From II:

$$y^2 - 15y + 56 = 0$$

$$y^2 - 7y - 8y + 56 = 0$$

$$y(y - 7) - 8(y - 7) = 0$$

$$(y - 8)(y - 7) = 0$$

$$y = 8, 7$$

X	Relation	Y
-7	<	8
-7	<	7
8	=	8
8	>	7

So, the relationship cannot be established between x and y.

46. Answer: E)

From I:

$$x^2 - 88 = 273$$

$$x^2 = 361$$

$$x = 19, -19$$

From II:

$$y = \sqrt{361}$$

$$y = 19$$

X	Relation	Y
19	=	19
-19	<	19

So, $x \leq y$

47. Answer: A)

From I:

$$x^2 - 23x + 132 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 12x - 11x + 132 = 0$$

$$x(x - 12) - 11(x - 12) = 0$$

$$(x - 12)(x - 11) = 0$$

$$x = 12, 11$$

From II:

$$y^2 - 20y + 100 = 0$$

$$y^2 - 10y - 10y + 100 = 0$$

$$y(y - 10) - 10(y - 10) = 0$$

$$(y - 10)(y - 10) = 0$$

$$y = 10, 10$$

X	Relation	Y
12	>	10

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11	>	10
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So, $x > y$

48. Answer: B)

From I:

$$x^2 + 3x - 88 = 0$$

$$x^2 + 11x - 8x - 88 = 0$$

$$x(x + 11) - 8(x + 11) = 0$$

$$(x + 11)(x - 8) = 0$$

$$x = -11, 8$$

From II:

$$y^2 - 33y + 242 = 0$$

$$y^2 - 22y - 11y + 242 = 0$$

$$y(y - 22) - 11(y - 22) = 0$$

$$(y - 11)(y - 22) = 0$$

$$y = 11, 22$$

X	Relation	y
-11	<	22
-11	<	11
8	<	22
8	<	11

So, $x < y$

49. Answer: C)

From equation I:

$$x^2 + 5x + 6 = (x + 3)(x + 2) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x = -3, -2$$

From equation II:

$$y^2 - 19y - 42 = (y - 21)(y + 2) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y = 21, -2$$

	X = -3	X = -2
Y = 21	$x < y$	$x < y$
Y = -2	$x < y$	$x = y$

So, $x \leq y$

50. Answer: D)

From equation I:

$$x^2 + 18x + 80 = (x + 8)(x + 10) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x = -8, -10$$

From equation II:

$$y^2 + 29y + 190 = (y + 10)(y + 19) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y = -10, -19$$

	X = -8	X = -10
Y = -10	$x > y$	$x = y$
Y = -19	$x > y$	$x > y$

So, $x \geq y$

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